

**Amendment and Response**

Applicant: Francisco Corella

Serial No.: 09/483,185

Filed: January 14, 2000

Docket No.: 10991054-1

Title: AUTHORIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE BASED ON PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY

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**IN THE CLAIMS**

Please cancel claims 2, 5, 14, and 17 without prejudice.

Please amend claims 1, 3, 4, 13, 15, and 16 as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A public key authorization infrastructure comprising:
  - a client program accessible by a user;
  - an application program;
  - a certificate authority issuing a long-term public key identity certificate (long-term certificate) that binds a public key of the user to long-term identification information related to the user;
  - a directory for storing short-term authorization information related to the user; and
  - a credentials server for issuing a short-term public key credential certificate (short-term certificate) to the client, the short-term certificate binds the public key of the user to the long-term identification information related to the user from the long term certificate and to the short-term authorization information related to the user from the directory, wherein the short-term certificate includes an expiration date/time and is not subject to revocation, wherein the client program presents the short-term certificate to the application program for authorization and demonstrates that the user has knowledge of a private key corresponding to the public key in the short-term certificate.
2. (Cancelled)
3. (Currently Amended) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 2~~1~~ wherein a validity period from when the credentials server issues the short-term certificate to the expiration date/time is sufficiently short such that the short-term certificate does not need to be subject to revocation.
4. (Currently Amended) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 2~~1~~ further comprising:
  - a certificate revocation list (CRL), wherein the expiration date/time of the short-term certificate is no later than a date/time at which a next CRL is scheduled.

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5. (Cancelled)
6. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the short-term certificate is a non-structured short-term certificate.
7. (Previously presented) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 further comprising:
  - a second application program; and
  - wherein the short-term certificate is a structured short-term certificate including:
    - a first folder corresponding to the first named application program and containing long-term information and short-term information as required by the first named application program;
    - a second folder corresponding to the second application program and containing long-term information and short-term information as required by the second application; and
    - wherein the first folder is open and the second folder is closed when the client presents the short-term certificate to the first named application program for authorization, wherein closing the second folder makes its contents not readable by the first named application program.
8. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the short-term certificate is an X.509v3 certificate.
9. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 7 wherein the first folder and the second folder are implemented as extension fields of an X.509v3 certificate.
10. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the directory further stores the issued long-term certificate.
11. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the private

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key is stored in a smartcard accessible by the client program.

12. (Original) The public key authorization infrastructure of claim 1 wherein the private key is stored in a secure software wallet accessible by the client program.

13. (Currently Amended) A method of authorizing a user, the method comprising the steps of:

issuing a long-term public key identity certificate (long-term certificate) that binds a public key of the user to long-term identification information related to the user;

storing short-term authorization information related to the user;

issuing a short-term public key credential certificate (short-term certificate) that binds the public key of the user to the long-term identification information related to the user contained in the long-term certificate and to the short-term authorization information related to the user wherein the short-term certificate includes an expiration date/time and is not subject to revocation; and

presenting the short-term certificate on behalf of the user to an application program for authorization and demonstrating that the user has knowledge of a private key corresponding to the public key in the short-term certificate.

14. (Cancelled)

15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4413 wherein a validity period from when the short-term certificate is issued to the expiration date/time is sufficiently short such that the short-term certificate does not need to be subject to revocation.

16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4413 further comprising the step of: maintaining a certificate revocation list (CRL), wherein the expiration date/time of the short-term certificate is no later than a time at which the next CRL is scheduled.

17. (Cancelled)

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18. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the short-term certificate is a non-structured short-term certificate.
19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13 wherein the short-term certificate is a structured short-term certificate including a first folder corresponding to the first named application program and containing long-term information and short-term information as required by the first named application program, and including a second folder corresponding to a second application program and containing long-term information and short-term information as required by the second application, wherein the method further comprises:  
closing the second folder and leaving the first folder open prior to the presenting step if the presenting step presents the short-term certificate to the first named application program for authorization, wherein closing the second folder makes its contents not readable by the first named application program.
20. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the short-term certificate is an X.509v3 certificate.
21. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the first folder and the second folder are implemented as extension fields of an X.509v3 certificate.
22. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the method further comprises the step of: storing the issued long-term certificate in a directory.
23. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising the step of: storing the private key in a smartcard.
24. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising the step of: storing the private key in a secure software wallet.